Diploma Programme
Programme du diplôme
Programa del Diploma

Mathematics: analysis and approaches
Standard level
Paper 2

Tuesday 2 November 2021 (morning)

Candidate session number

1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions to candidates

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- A graphic display calculator is required for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in the answer booklet provided. Fill in your session number on the front of the answer booklet, and attach it to this examination paper and your cover sheet using the tag provided.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A clean copy of the **mathematics: analysis and approaches formula booklet** is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[80 marks]**.

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Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by working and/or explanations. Solutions found from a graphic display calculator should be supported by suitable working. For example, if graphs are used to find a solution, you should sketch these as part of your answer. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method, provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

In Lucy's music academy, eight students took their piano diploma examination and achieved scores out of 150. For her records, Lucy decided to record the average number of hours per week each student reported practising in the weeks prior to their examination. These results are summarized in the table below.

Average weekly practice time (h)	28	13	45	33	17	29	39	36
Diploma score (D)	115	82	120	116	79	101	110	121

(a) Find Pearson's product-moment correlation coefficient, r, for these data. [2]

(b) The relationship between the variables can be modelled by the regression equation $D = ah + b$. Write down the value of a and the value of b. [1]

(c) One of these eight students was disappointed with her result and wished she had practised more. Based on the given data, determine how her score could have been expected to alter had she practised an extra five hours per week. [2]

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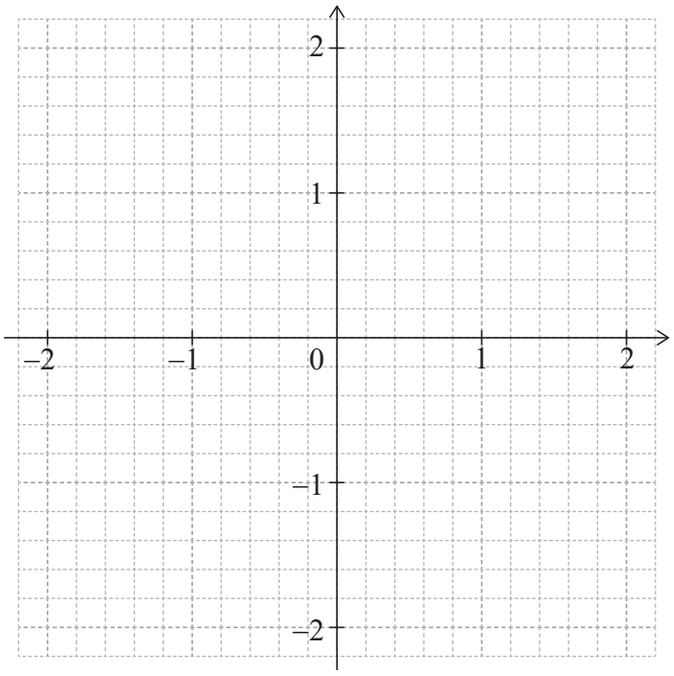
2. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider the function $f(x) = e^{-x^2} - 0.5$, for $-2 \leq x \leq 2$.

(a) Find the values of x for which $f(x) = 0$. [2]

(b) Sketch the graph of f on the following grid. [3]



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3. [Maximum mark: 5]

Consider a triangle ABC, where $AC = 12$, $CB = 7$ and $B\hat{A}C = 25°$.

Find the smallest possible perimeter of triangle ABC.

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4. [Maximum mark: 7]

A factory manufactures lamps. It is known that the probability that a lamp is found to be defective is 0.05. A random sample of 30 lamps is tested.

(a) Find the probability that there is at least one defective lamp in the sample. [3]

(b) Given that there is at least one defective lamp in the sample, find the probability that there are at most two defective lamps. [4]

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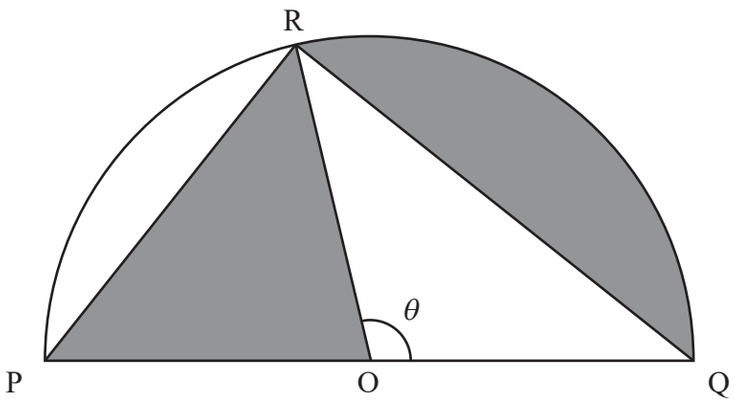
5. [Maximum mark: 6]

The following diagram shows a semicircle with centre O and radius r. Points P, Q and R lie on the circumference of the circle, such that $\mathrm{PQ} = 2r$ and $\mathrm{R\hat{O}Q} = \theta$, where $0 < \theta < \pi$.



(a) Given that the areas of the two shaded regions are equal, show that $\theta = 2\sin\theta$. [5]

(b) Hence determine the value of θ. [1]

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6. [Maximum mark: 9]

The sum of the first n terms of a geometric sequence is given by $S_n = \sum_{r=1}^{n} \frac{2}{3}\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^r$.

(a) Find the first term of the sequence, u_1. [2]

(b) Find S_∞. [3]

(c) Find the least value of n such that $S_\infty - S_n < 0.001$. [4]

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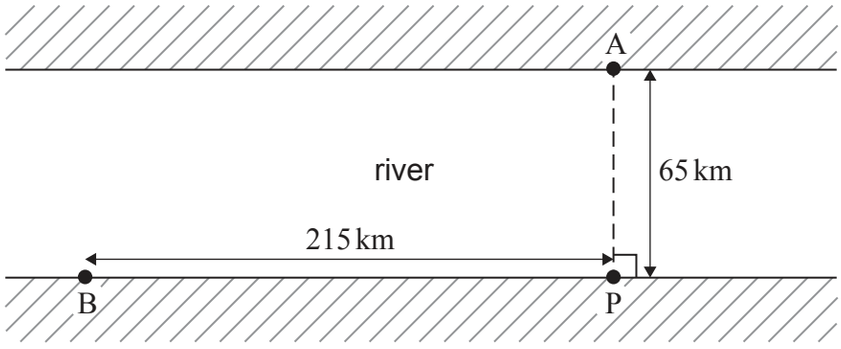
Section B

Answer **all** questions in the answer booklet provided. Please start each question on a new page.

7. [Maximum mark: 14]

Points A and P lie on opposite banks of a river, such that AP is the shortest distance across the river. Point B represents the centre of a city which is located on the riverbank. $\mathrm{PB} = 215\,\mathrm{km}$, $\mathrm{AP} = 65\,\mathrm{km}$ and $\mathrm{A\hat{P}B} = 90^{\circ}$.

The following diagram shows this information.



A boat travels at an average speed of $42\,\mathrm{km\,h^{-1}}$. A bus travels along the straight road between P and B at an average speed of $84\,\mathrm{km\,h^{-1}}$.

(a) Find the travel time, in hours, from A to B given that

(i) the boat is taken from A to P, and the bus from P to B;

(ii) the boat travels directly to B. [4]

There is a point D, which lies on the road from P to B, such that $\mathrm{BD} = x\,\mathrm{km}$. The boat travels from A to D, and the bus travels from D to B.

(b) (i) Find an expression, in terms of x for the travel time T, from A to B, passing through D.

(ii) Find the value of x so that T is a minimum.

(iii) Write down the minimum value of T. [6]

(c) An excursion involves renting the boat and the bus. The cost to rent the boat is $\$200$ per hour, and the cost to rent the bus is $\$150$ per hour.

(i) Find the new value of x so that the total cost C to travel from A to B via D is a minimum.

(ii) Write down the minimum total cost for this journey. [4]

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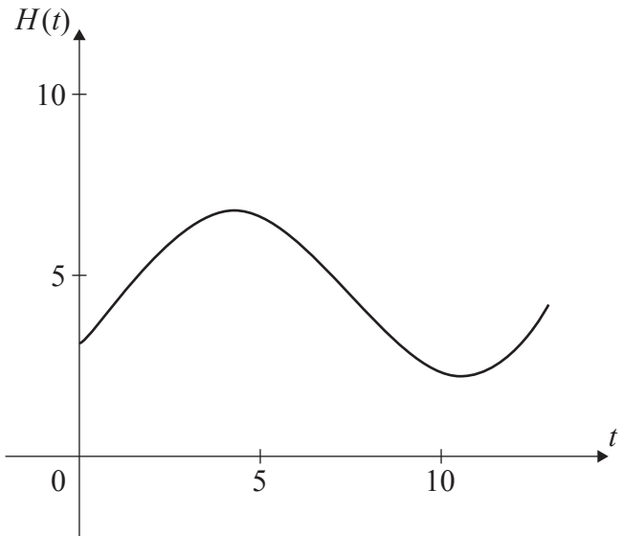
8. [Maximum mark: 13]

The height of water, in metres, in Dungeness harbour is modelled by the function $H(t) = a\sin\big(b(t-c)\big) + d$, where t is the number of hours after midnight, and a, b, c and d are constants, where $a > 0$, $b > 0$ and $c > 0$.

The following graph shows the height of the water for 13 hours, starting at midnight.



The first high tide occurs at 04:30 and the next high tide occurs 12 hours later. Throughout the day, the height of the water fluctuates between $2.2\,\text{m}$ and $6.8\,\text{m}$.

All heights are given correct to one decimal place.

(a) Show that $b = \frac{\pi}{6}$. [1]

(b) Find the value of a. [2]

(c) Find the value of d. [2]

(d) Find the smallest possible value of c. [3]

(e) Find the height of the water at 12:00. [2]

(f) Determine the number of hours, over a 24-hour period, for which the tide is higher than 5 metres. [3]

Do **not** write solutions on this page.

9. [Maximum mark: 16]

The random variable X follows a normal distribution with mean μ and standard deviation σ.

(a) Find $\mathrm{P}(\mu - 1.5\sigma < X < \mu + 1.5\sigma)$. [3]

The avocados grown on a farm have weights, in grams, that are normally distributed with mean μ and standard deviation σ. Avocados are categorized as small, medium, large or premium, according to their weight. The following table shows the probability an avocado grown on the farm is classified as small, medium, large or premium.

Category	Small	Medium	Large	Premium
Probability	0.04	0.576	0.288	0.096

The maximum weight of a small avocado is 106.2 grams.

The minimum weight of a premium avocado is 182.6 grams.

(b) Find the value of μ and of σ. [5]

A supermarket purchases all the avocados from the farm that weigh more than 106.2 grams.

(c) Find the probability that an avocado chosen at random from this purchase is categorized as

(i) medium;

(ii) large;

(iii) premium. [4]

The selling prices of the different categories of avocado at this supermarket are shown in the following table:

Category	Medium	Large	Premium
Selling price ($) per avocado	1.10	1.29	1.96

The supermarket pays the farm $\$200$ for the avocados and assumes it will then sell them in exactly the same proportion as purchased from the farm.

(d) According to this model, find the minimum number of avocados that must be sold so that the net profit for the supermarket is at least $\$438$. [4]

References:

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